

# Rotations

Date

## 9.4 – Exploring Rotations

In this assignment, you need to use the sketch located at my website named: "9.4 - *Rotations (New GEOGEBRA*". Remember to stay on task on this assignment. Make sure you pay very close attention to the directions and questions.

Your goal is to make very good observations. Many of your comments and answers will look like the following:

- "Switch *x*-coordinate and *y*-coordinate."
- "Change the second number to the opposite."
- "Change the first and second numbers to the opposite"

#### Investigation 1 - Rotating 90° Counter-clockwise (Rotating 270° Clockwise).

For the original figure, what are its coordinates?

A( , ), B( , ), C( , )

At the top left, move the slider so the angle of rotations is at 90°. For the new image, what are its coordinates?

### A'( , ), B'( , ), C'( , )

From your observation, what do you notice is the relationship between the original figure and the image? (For help refer to the above comments and answers)

- Switch the \_\_\_\_\_ coordinate and the \_\_\_\_\_ coordinate.
- Rule for Rotating 90° counter-clockwise (Rotating 270° clockwise).
- Change the first number to the \_\_\_\_\_\_

Move any point on the original and move it around. Does your hypothesis regarding the coordinates still hold true when a new figure is formed? (Circle one) YES NO

#### **Investigation 2 - Rotating 180 Degrees.**

For the original figure, what are its coordinates?

A( , ), B( , ), C( , )

At the top left, move the slider so the angle of rotations is at 180°. For the new image, what are its coordinates?

A'( , ), B'( , ), C'( , )

From your observation, what do you notice is the relationship between the original figure and the image? (For help refer to the above comments and answers)

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Move any point on the original and move it around. Does your hypothesis regarding the coordinates still hold true when a new figure is formed? (Circle one) YES NO

#### Investigation 3 - Rotating 270° Counter-clockwise (Rotating 90° Clockwise).

For the original figure, what are its coordinates?

A( , ), B( , ), C( , )

At the top left, move the slider so the angle of rotations is at 270°. For the new image, what are its coordinates?

#### A'( , ), B'( , ), C'( , )

From your observation, what do you notice is the relationship between the original figure and the image? (For help refer to the above comments and answers)

- Switch the \_\_\_\_\_ coordinate and the \_\_\_\_\_ coordinate.
- Change the second number to the \_\_\_\_\_\_

Rule for Rotating 270° counter-clockwise (Rotating 90° clockwise).

Move any point on the original and move it around. Does your hypothesis regarding the coordinates still hold true when a new figure is formed? (Circle one) YES NO What rule can you come up with?

Graph the image of the figure using the given transformation.

1) rotation  $180^{\circ}$  about the origin



2) rotation  $90^{\circ}$  counter-clockwise about the origin



3) rotation  $270^{\circ}$  counter-clockwise about the origin



4) rotation  $180^{\circ}$  about the origin



5) rotation  $90^{\circ}$  clockwise about the origin



6) rotation  $90^{\circ}$  clockwise about the origin



7) rotation  $180^{\circ}$  about the origin



8) rotation  $180^{\circ}$  about the origin



9) rotation  $90^{\circ}$  clockwise about the origin



10) rotation  $270^{\circ}$  counter-clockwise about the origin







### **Rotating a figure around a point**





Rotate the figure 180° around the origin



## **Rotation on a Coordinate Plane**

Rotate the 90° clockwise around the origin



## **Rotation on a Coordinate Plane**

Rotate the 90° counter-clockwise around the origin





Rotate the figure 180° around the origin





Rotate the figure 90° counter-clockwise around the origin





Rotate the figure 270° counter-clockwise around the origin





Rotate the figure 90° clockwise around the origin

